Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XIV. CHICAGO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1860. NUMBER 107.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

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OFFICE, NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1860.

LOOK TO THE WARDS.

A great work may be done in the Wards between this morning and bed-time on Monday night. Let every true Republican do what he may, and the sore-heads and Sham Democrats will take to their holes before Tuesday afternoon!

FIVE HUNDRED VOTES.

There are five hundred men of foreign birth now in the city, with their first papers long ago obtained, who are ready to be naturalized and sure to vote the Republican ticket as soon as that is done. Republicans who are employing large numbers of men, will you not see to this, and by inquiry among your laborers, find out who is ready for citizenship, and see that it is conferred? Let us have all the legal votes polled.

GET NATURALIZED.

Will Republicans look around among their acquaintances and see if all who will cast Republican votes are naturalized. Only three working days remain before the election. If you know of any Republican foreigner prepared to take out his final papers, take him to see the Republican Committee at the Wigwam, who will aid him in perfecting his naturalization. Look around and see that no proper persons are omitted. You know not what injury the loss of a vote may inflict on the cause of freedom.

LOOK TO THE LEGISLATURE.

That Illinois will now vote for LINCOLN is a fixed fact. His majority will be large. But the Legislature is not so sure. The unjust apportionment, made ten years ago, is the cause of Republican weakness and pro-slavery strength. We have great odds to overcome; but with proper effort we shall succeed. This South Chicago district (the 36th) must be carried. Republicans, will you see to it that no prejudices as to men, no petty quarrels of disappointed candidates, are permitted to jeopardise the success of SCAMMON and BROWN, against whom—not Hesing and Church—the blow is aimed? If this district is lost, the Legislature is lost.

A FOUL SLANDER:

It is retailed privately and hinted in handbills, that William L. Church, candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court, is a "gambler."

Last spring Mr. Church, among other reputable citizens was summoned before a Grand Jury in this county, to testify as to what he, a public man, knew of gambling in Chicago. He swore that he had not played a card or any other game of chance, for money, in ten years! Mr. Church is an honest, creditable, trustworthy man, and his oath squelches this gambling charge which his enemies have gotten up.

But they will still continue to print it in lying and anonymous posters and to insinuate it in their grog-shop talk. It will do no harm!

PLAYED OUT.

The indignation which has been aroused throughout the whole country by the attempt to interrupt business and depreciate values, for the purpose of securing a political triumph, has cut off the disunionists at the knees. They are "drying up." Their twaddle, which, only a week ago, made capitalists shiver, now excites nothing but anger or contempt. This is especially true of New York. The *Herald* toils through six dreary columns to prove that everything is going to smash if Lincoln should succeed; but in the face of its diatribes, all stocks are rising, and business goes smoothly along. The panic has greatly strengthened the Republicans even in that city which is the Malakoff of cotton, rum and sham Democracy. Now, what next?

THE TOWN TICKETS.

It is not generally understood that the ticket for town officers (Collectors, Assessors, Supervisors, etc.,) must be voted separately and apart from the Presidential, State and County ticket. Such is the fact. Two boxes will be provided in each ward —one to receive the ballots for town officers, and the other for the general ticket. These remarks apply only to Cook county, in which the the time for holding elections of town officers was changed by the Legislature at its last session.

We would especially urge Republicans to look well to these town tickets. If any considerable number of voters fail to deposit their ballots for town officers simultaneously with the Presidential ticket, the pro-slavery candidates may be elected. The persons nominated by the Republican Convention are faithful and competent throughout. Let them all be elected.

QUICK SHIPMENT OF WHEAT TO LIVERPOOL.

Geo. Little, Esq., in September last, purchased and shipped a cargo of wheat from this port direct to Liverpool, by way of the St. Lawrence River, and yesterday he received a letter informing him that the grain had arrived at Liverpool, in *twenty-five days* from the date of its shipment at this city.

The route of shipment was as follows: From Chicago to Port Colborne; from Port Colborne to Port Dalhousee, over the Welland Railway; from Port Dalhousee to Quebec by propeller; and from Quebec to Liverpool by steamer. Deducting the delays and stoppages at the various ports of transhipment, the number of days of travel was only *eighteen*.

Those who have been in the habit of sneering at the St. Lawrence route to European markets, and at the enlargement of the Canadian canals for the accommodation of large vessels, will see by this that our arguments for this route are based upon substantial facts.

THE CAT UNDER THE MEAL.

The Republicans of Cook county are sincerely desirous of reducing the present too large fees of several of the county offices, and they wait only for the meeting of the Legislature to put their notions into the form of law. The Bogus Democracy are, or pretend to be, very much exercised on this matter; but we see a scheme just concocted by one of their candidates—Gray, who wants the Clerkship of the Circuit Court—to keep the fees as they are. He proposes, if elected, as he won't be, to give half the receipts of his office to the Orphan Asylums of this city. Let us see how this would work! The Democracy say these receipts are $12,000 to $20,000 per annum. Now with Mr. Gray the reporter of these fees, when the contemplated reduction to $4,000 is attempted, the cry could be raised at once. "No, don't do that! you are robbing the Orphan Asylums of $10,000 a year! Wait, wait!" and every one of these bastard pro-slavery men would join in, the fees would remain as now, and this generous Gray would pocket $8,000 to $10,000, every twelve months as the reward for his "highly disinterested and noble charity." The people would foot the bill!

No, that won't work, gentlemen! Reduce the fees of the office, let the Orphan Asylums be supported as heretofore, and keep wholesale bribery out of our political contests. Is not that the way to do it?

A vote against Hesing is a vote for decomposing Sham Democratic rule upon Chicago and Cook County hereafter. The straight ticket is the safe ticket.

A CONSPIRACY EXPOSED.

Scheme to Nullify the Election in the City of Chicago.

We had occasion yesterday, to expose the folly of three pro-slavery Aldermen, who proposed to nullify a statute of the State of Illinois by an ordinance of the Common Council of Chicago! We propose this morning to unmask a plot of the pro-slavery leaders to vitiate the election returns of this city, and throw out the Republican majority that Chicago is expected to roll up for the Republican ticket. The scheme was cunningly devised; the trap was adroitly set, and the conspirators are badly chagrined at the refusal of the Republican fox to put his foot in it. Said they in their secret conclaves: "Suppose Chicago should give 2,000 majority for Lincoln and the Republican State ticket, and it should turn out that the Republican majority in the State will only be ten or fifteen hundred. Now, if we can by a little sharp practice to cause the returns from this city to be rejected, our whole State ticket would be elected, and Douglas would get the eleven Electoral votes of Illinois; and it might also result in giving us two members of the Legislature from Cook Co., which would probably enable us to defeat Judge Trumbull—who can foretell what a streak of luck may befal us?"

Big with this grand idea as the milk-maid in the fable, they set their disunion organ—the *Times and Herald*—to barking for more election districts in the city. Dust was thrown into the eyes of the public by quoting an amendment to the City Charter passed in 1857, which provides that:

"The Common Council shall, before the next annual (charter) election, divide the wards of the city into so many and such convenient election districts as the Council shall deem proper, and to appoint places for holding elections therein, and to appoint inspectors therefor as now provided by law; and for this purpose they are hereby authorized to appoint three additional inspectors of election for each election district so created, whose qualifications and duties shall be as now prescribed by the city charter."

It will be perceived that the section above quoted pertain wholly to *Municipal* elections, and in no way supercedes or repeals the general election laws. The "next annual election" means the next *charter* election held in March, and has no reference whatever to the State election at which people vote for President, Governor, Legislature and County officers, on the first Tuesday of November.

The pro-slavery leaders understand all this, but believed themselves to be the sole repositories of the knowledge, and supposed that the Republicans would not discover it until after the mischief was done.

The general elections in Chicago are held in pursuance of the act of Feb. 16, 1853, to be found on page 203 of the General Laws passed by the Assembly of 1853. It will be recollected that previous to that time there was but one place of voting in each Division of the city, at State elections. Cook county had adopted Township Organization, under which there is but one place of voting in each town, and the city was divided into North, South and West Chicago, making but three polling places. A law was passed that winter entitled, "An act to remedy a defect in relation to elections in the towns of North, South and West Chicago." This act sets forth:

"That each and every Ward of the city of Chicago shall constitute an election precinct, and the judges of election, and the place of holding election therein, for State and County officers, shall be appointed by the Common Council of said city in the same manner that inspectors of city elections are appointed. *Provided, that there shall be but one place of holding elections in each of said precincts.* All elections shall be held and conducted in said Wards and precincts shall be conducted, and returns thereof made to the County Clerk, as *provided by the law regulating State and County elections.*"

Think of the Common Council, in the face of this statute, splitting up Wards, and opening polls in more than one place in each! The law above quoted, expressly and peremptorily declares that at "general elections for State and County officers," "there shall be *but one place of holding election* in each ward." No language could be plainer or more explicit. Had the Common Council heeded the clamor of the pro-slavery demagogues and conspirators, and multiplied voting places, the whole election would have been illegal, and every vote cast would have been thrown away; because the election would not have been held according to law. The Democratic Supreme Court would have been swift to declare our election in the city null and void; and this is exactly the consummation the conspirators had in view.

The election next Tuesday is not a charter election for Mayor and Aldermen, and it is not held in pursuance of the City Charter nor its amendments; but is a general, State election for the highest officers known to the Constitutions of the Nation and State, and must be conducted as provided by the statutes governing *general*, and not charter elections. The Common Council however willing or unanimous, has no particle of power, to open more than one voting place in each ward, next Tuesday. The Legislature of Illinois alone has authority to multiply voting districts, and next winter may do so. Let there be no more idle clamor for the Council to commit an unlawful act, and thereby destroy the election in this city.

Is Hesing Qualified?

It is a part of the street gabble among the sore-heads and pro-slavery men that Hesing is nothing but an "ignorant Dutchman" and that he is unfit for the duties of the Sheriff's office. Read the following testimonials from citizens of Cook county:

In order to put a quietus on all the rumors diligently circulated by Mr. Hesing's political enemies, in regard to his fitness for the office for which he is nominated, I would say, that since I appointed him as Deputy Sheriff, I never had any reason to find fault with him, but that on the contrary, the discharge of his duties was such as reflected credit on himself and entirely satisfactory to me.

JOHN GRAY, Sheriff.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31, 1860.

We, the undersigned, take this opportunity of expressing our entire satisfaction with the manner in which Mr. A. C. Hesing has discharged his duties as Deputy Sheriff under John Gray.

Having frequently had occasion to employ his professional services, we cordially and sincerely confess, that we have seldom met with an officer in the employ of the Sheriff of Cook county, who discharged his duties in such an able and reliable manner as Mr. Hesing, and we will give him our cordial support.

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William Greene, of Cincinnati, whom many of our people know personally—a large property holder in Chicago, and a man of sense and veracity—writes to JAMES H. REES, Esq., thus:

CINCINNATI, Oct. 8, 1860.

MY DEAR SIR:—I understand that Mr. Hesing, formerly of this city, is a candidate for the office of Sheriff of your county. He was for a long time an efficient worker here with the Old Line Whigs, having a large influence with the German population. He has many friends here of both native and foreign population who would be most gratified at his success at your coming election, and I beg to say that it would be gratifying to me personally.

Very truly yours, W. GREENE.

Republicans of Cook County! such is the character of our candidate for the office of Sheriff! Shall he be slaked in the dark by disappointed aspirants for this office, who are in league with his Democratic competitor?

A False Charge Refuted.

An address "to the Democratic voters of Chicago," signed by the Central Committee, C. H. McCormick, Chairman, and published in the organ of the Disunionists, (the *Times and Herald*,) on Wednesday last, among other false and foolish things, says:

"The City Council have violated the City Charter and corruptly refused the petition of the voters for additional voting places in each Ward, for the purpose of fraudently obtruding the Democratic voters who reside in them."

The signers of this document embrace several lawyers, who ought to, and we have no doubt, do know better. The charge that the City Council have violated the city charter by not making additional voting places" for the election next Tuesday, is a brazen falsehood. The law of 1853 emphatically declares that there shall be but *one place* of holding a general election for State and County officers, in each Ward. The power conferred upon the Council to divide Wards into election districts, is confined to municipal elections held in March for city, local or county offices.

The allegation of this pro-slavery Committee that the Council have violated the statutes of the State, "for the purpose of fraudulently disfranchising the Democratic voters" is absurd, contemptible and untrue. We are astonished to see the names of such lawyers as Walter B. Scates, S. S. Hayes and W. C. Goudy appended to this puerile and libellous manifesto, which is made up of false law, false logic and incendiary advice to ignorant men. We are not yet done with this document.

Second Congressional District.

MR. ARNOLD closed the canvass in this district outside of Chicago on Thursday, last at Babcock's Grove, Du Page county. He has devoted his entire time to the work since August, and has spoken at several places in each county in the district, and in some of them at as many as six or eight places. He reports the Republican party as everywhere united, zealous, enthusiastic and ready for the vote. He is confident, from information from all portions of the district, that every county will give a larger majority for Lincoln than was given for Fremont in 1856.

Notice to Republicans.

The Campaign Republican Committee will be in session at the Wigwam every day until the day of election. All Republicans having any information to communicate that may be of use to the Committee, are invited to call. Let every man put his shoulder to the wheel, for the whole ticket, from Old Abe at the top, to the Constables at the bottom. Call at the Wigwam.

A Correction—The Israelite Vote.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.

Editors Chicago Tribune:

In a communication in your issue of to-day, headed "The Israelitish Vote," an error crept in which needs correction. The name of the St. Louis Israelite who lately has been elected to the Missouri Legislature by the Republican fellow-citizens, is not Lutz, but *Meyer Friede*. The number of the Israelitish voters of Chicago is also greater than stated in said communication. There are about 400 to 500 Jewish families in this city. But there are also about the same number of young and unmarried men here entitled to vote, who are employed as clerks, mechanics, &c., and who are not included in the above number; and it is, therefore, more correct if we say that 800 to 1,000 Israelitish votes will be polled in Chicago on next Tuesday, of whom the great majority will be Republicans.

Y

GOLD DISCOVERIES IN CANADA.

Great Excitement in Esquesing to the Gold Mines in the Chaudiere River—Immense Yield of Gold—Statute of Gold Dust—An Adventurous Lawyer.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.]

QUEBEC, Thursday, Oct. 26, 1860.

It has been known for many years that there are extensive gold regions in Lower Canada. Sir William Logan, the Provincial Geologist, has in his museum small phials, each containing the product of the washing of one bucket of sand from various rivers, and in some of them the quantity is quite considerable. On another occasion he discovered gold in the St. Francis, and tracked it up for more than 100 miles to rocks containing numerous quartz veins. Various parties in the vicinity of Quebec have for years been suspected of knowing where gold was to be found, and of procuring it whenever they wanted it—utterly to vague suspicion, but perhaps not as untrue as vague. And, two or three years ago, a company was formed in Montreal which actually carried on operations in the Chaudiere River, and returns thereof made to the County Clerk, as *provided by the law regulating State and County elections.*

Think of the Common Council, in the face of this statute, splitting up Wards, and opening polls in more than one place in each! The law above quoted, expressly and peremptorily declares that at "general elections for State and County officers," "there shall be *but one place of holding election* in each ward." No language could be plainer or more explicit. Had the Common Council heeded the clamor of the pro-slavery demagogues and conspirators, and multiplied voting places, the whole election would have been illegal, and every vote cast would have been thrown away; because the election would not have been held according to law. The Democratic Supreme Court would have been swift to declare our election in the city, null and void; and this is exactly the consummation the conspirators had in view.

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Both a Crime and a Blunder.

The politicians who are playing that desperate game in which the last card is a property panic, are guilty the merely of a crime, but of a blunder. To independent observers, like ourselves, having nothing to desire in the result of any election but that which is for the good of all—speculators where others are partisans—the wickedness and folly of their policy are at once apparent.

It does not need much logic to prove it a crime, and events are fast compelling them to confess it a blunder. Within the day just past, a circumstance has come to our knowledge which even these panic-makers cannot fail to appreciate the significance of.

A gentleman of this city, whose property is counted by millions—one of the veritable Knickerbockers—noted for his thorough-going conservatism in finance as well as politics, who has hitherto always voted the Democratic ticket, and who now finds his property threatened with a depreciation in value by this action of unscrupulous partisans in his own party, bolts outright, and declares his intention to vote for Lincoln. He does not believe, and more than we believe, that his immense real estate is to suffer any depreciation, but he will not, for fear of it, be bullied into voting even the ticket which he has all his life long favored.

He, for one, with all his vast interests at stake, is willing, if necessary, to let worst come to worst, so that now and finally there may be an end of this quadrennial disunion clamor. And in spite of being a Democrat he votes for Lincoln, rather than for his fears and fusion, and in this he represents, we cannot doubt, many men of like mind and disposition.

The fact is these panic-makers have mistaken utterly the character and temper of the American people. There is not a foreign nation having a difference with us that would blunder so badly as to try to bully us into any concessions. With all their ignorance of our temper and our ways, they would not do so foolish a thing as these depreciators of prices are doing—trying to frighten whom they cannot convince.—*N. Y. World.*

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Morning.

At 9½ o'clock, of superior furniture and household goods, by Gilbert & Sampson, auctioneers, No. 82 Lake street.

This Evening.

There is given in another column a call for a general turnout of our Republicans "by sections" this evening. Much may be done to further the coveted results of Tuesday, by full meetings in the several Wards to-night.

THE OCTOROON.—This excellent drama will be given for the last time at McVicker's theatre, this evening.

KANSAS RELIEF CONCERTS.—The third of the series of concerts by Legrand B. Cushman for the relief of sufferers by the famine in Kansas takes place at Kingsbury Hall this evening.

BURGLARY.—The dwelling house of Mr. Rawson, on Adams street, was entered by burglars on Thursday night, and clothing, bedding and other articles to the value of nearly $200. It was done without arousing the family.

PERSONAL.—We were glad yesterday to greet FRANKLIN WEBSTER, Esq., who returns to both city and a prolonged absence, with health fully restored. He is just in time to vote for Honest Old Abe.

NEW BOOKS.—"Odd People," by Capt. Mayne Reid; "Brief Biographies," by Samuel Smiles; a fresh lot of the *Illustrated London News*, containing pictures of the Lady Elgin, and a portrait of Mr. Ingram, have been received by McNally & Co., 81 Dearborn street.

$500 WORTH OF BOOKS.—We were yesterday shown a superb silver E flat bugle, gold mounted, made by Wright of Boston, on the order of citizens of Laporte, for presentation to Wm. B. Frisbie, leader of a celebrated band at that place. It is an exquisite affair, probably no finer was ever made, and cost $500.

A MOVING CONTRACT.—John S. McIntire, one of our citizens has just taken a contract to move the large structure known as the "Aqueduct Mill" at Ottawa, *across the canal* at that place, and carrying it about one mile. He will do it too, or for that matter would bring it to this city without breaking a pane of glass.

A NEW CLOTHING HOUSE.—Messrs. G. T. Belding & Co., late of New York city, have opened a new Clothing House at No. 102 Randolph street, in the five story iron block opposite the Matteson House, late the old stand of Tappen. They are men of energy and bring to this city a capital assortment of goods, freshly selected for this market.

CUTTING DOWN A LINCOLN POLE.—We learn that on Friday night last, a fine pole bearing the Lincoln and Hamlin ratification, erected by E. M. Teal on the corner of Madison street and Union Park, was cut down by some graceless scamp, who carried off the flag and halyards. Probably he came back last night for the pieces of the pole, for firewood.

FOR THE HUMAN UNDERSTANDING.—Messrs. Bissell & Case, No. 166 Lake street, offer for sale a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Rubbers, comprising a varied and complete Fall and Winter stock. These gentlemen manufacture their own goods and possess many peculiar advantages of which our citizens will not be slow to avail themselves.

LECTURES ON PALESTINE.—Rev. Wm. H. Ryder, pastor of St. Paul's Universalist Church, on Sunday evening next commences a series of four Lectures on the Holy Land. His own travels in Palestine, with his scholarly acquirements and ability, will render them attractive and valuable not only to his own congregation but to all our citizens who may choose to attend the same.

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The regular session of Rush Medical College commences on Wednesday next. Preliminary lectures have been delivered during the month of October to an unusually large class, which now numbers 70 students. It will be gratifying to the friends of this long-established institution, to learn that the prospects for the present winter are more flattering than ever before.

AGAIN IN ORDER.—The extensive bindery establishment of Messrs. Culver, Page & Hoyne, one of the largest and most complete in the Northwest, on the corner of Lake and Clark street, which was somewhat injured by fire some weeks since, has been put in complete order and condition, and that with little or no interruption of its business. The proprietors have an enviable reputation and a deserved success.

THE ACCIDENT TO ALDERMAN JONES.—The many friends of Alderman Jones, who was run over at the late fire by a heavily loaded hook and ladder truck, will be pained to learn that his injuries were much worse than was at first supposed. He was severely bruised on both legs, his back and an arm, besides being badly cut on the head and face, and has since been confined to his bed and in great pain. Fortunately no limbs were broken, and Dr. Blake, who is in attendance upon him hopes he will be able to be out on election day to vote for "Old Abe."

THE BODIES RECOVERED AT MILLER'S STATION.—A correspondent reminds us that by our hasty consignation on this former letter, we did injustice to the coroner of Lake county, Indiana, where a number of bodies of victims of the Lady Elgin disaster were washed ashore. The Coroner of that county has held eighteen of these inquests up to Thursday last, and has the lists and all articles of property taken from the same, in his possession. His name is not furnished us but he resides nine miles from Gibson Station on the M. C. R. R., or Miller's Station on the M. & S. R. R., at either of which places, friends inquiring, can obtain full information, the station agents of both places having shown themselves energetic and humane in the matter.

THE TRACHINGS OF THE SEASON.—Yesterday a change of weather, fresh from out the North, drove everybody into thick clothing, and set the housekeepers who have delayed the same, into deep calculation on the subject of stoves. The brothers A. R. & G. H. Miller, at their store, No. 267 State street, are just in a position to answer that question, and in a manner most satisfactory to the inquirer. Very many of their *Boston Coal and Gas Burners* are in use in this city, and the praise accorded them by their possessors is of value as disinterested and intelligent. The Messrs. Miller have a large assortment of Stoves, both coal and wood burning, in various popular patterns, together with a heavy and extensive stock of Housekeeping wares and Shelf hardware. Connected with the same is one of the largest and busiest establishments in the South Division for manufacture of every description of Tin Ware, and General Jobbing. Our housekeepers will do well to give them a call.

The Common Council Meeting.

Our Squattersite Aldermen have all of a sudden achieved a death-bed repentance on the subject of purity of elections. Six of them within the past week have manufactured an "ordinance" of the howitzer pattern, the brass for which was obtained by a general levy upon their number, and last evening was named as the time for touching it off. The piece badly missed fire, there being only seven Aldermen present, only one of them Republican, Alderman Harris, just returned from Pike's Peak, dropping in to see what it was all about.

This is probably the last attempt of these gentlemen to interfere with the present order of things, which will secure a quiet election and to every man his chance to vote. Probably the novelty of attempting to change by the vote of Aldermen the order and law of General elections will not again soon be seen, and we commend the original draft of the document to the Historical Society for preservation. That "ordnance" was a blunderbuss.

The Breckinridge Meeting To-Night.

As Dug goes down, Brock rises, and while the "tattered ensign" of the Squatterites floats its faded rags and remnants across Dearborn street, the late friends of Stephen too much cowed, and too much disheartened to replace it, the other wing of the Happy Family is out in tolerably full feather with a new flag, newly fitted rooms, new carriage, and a fran new rally a Bryan Hall this evening.

Stephen, in his Chicago speech, said he should "carry Kentucky against Major Breckinridge." It looks now as if the Impudent boast would be returned with vengeance on his head. If the interval were longer, with the present Squatterite rate of progress downward, the Brock squad would outvote the Douglas faction even in Chicago.

The meeting to-night will be addressed by Hon. John Dougherty of this State, Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn of Ky., Hon. H. S. Fitch, of Chicago, and Hon. John Goffroth of Indiana. Bryan Hall will undoubtedly be pretty well filled, for it will be the last plank run out for the swamped Squatterites, whose craft isn't seaworthy enough for even a trip up Salt River, whither the Breck affair clears on Tuesday next.

THE OCTOROON.—This excellent drama will be given for the last time at McVicker's theatre, this evening.

KANSAS RELIEF CONCERTS.—The third of the series of concerts by Legrand B. Cushman for the relief of sufferers by the famine in Kansas takes place at Kingsbury Hall this evening.

BURGLARY.—The dwelling house of Mr. Rawson, on Adams street, was entered by burglars on Thursday night, and clothing, bedding and other articles to the value of nearly $200. It was done without arousing the family.

PERSONAL.—We were glad yesterday to greet FRANKLIN WEBSTER, Esq., who returns to both city and a prolonged absence, with health fully restored. He is just in time to vote for Honest Old Abe.

NEW BOOKS.—"Odd People," by Capt. Mayne Reid; "Brief Biographies," by Samuel Smiles; a fresh lot of the *Illustrated London News*, containing pictures of the Lady Elgin, and a portrait of Mr. Ingram, have been received by McNally & Co., 81 Dearborn street.

$500 WORTH OF BOOKS.—We were yesterday shown a superb silver E flat bugle, gold mounted, made by Wright of Boston, on the order of citizens of Laporte, for presentation to Wm. B. Frisbie, leader of a celebrated band at that place. It is an exquisite affair, probably no finer was ever made, and cost $500.

A MOVING CONTRACT.—John S. McIntire, one of our citizens has just taken a contract to move the large structure known as the "Aqueduct Mill" at Ottawa, *across the canal* at that place, and carrying it about one mile. He will do it too, or for that matter would bring it to this city without breaking a pane of glass.

A NEW CLOTHING HOUSE.—Messrs. G. T. Belding & Co., late of New York city, have opened a new Clothing House at No. 102 Randolph street, in the five story iron block opposite the Matteson House, late the old stand of Tappen. They are men of energy and bring to this city a capital assortment of goods, freshly selected for this market.

CUTTING DOWN A LINCOLN POLE.—We learn that on Friday night last, a fine pole bearing the Lincoln and Hamlin ratification, erected by E. M. Teal on the corner of Madison street and Union Park, was cut down by some graceless scamp, who carried off the flag and halyards. Probably he came back last night for the pieces of the pole, for firewood.

FOR THE HUMAN UNDERSTANDING.—Messrs. Bissell & Case, No. 166 Lake street, offer for sale a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Rubbers, comprising a varied and complete Fall and Winter stock. These gentlemen manufacture their own goods and possess many peculiar advantages of which our citizens will not be slow to avail themselves.

CHEMICAL INK ERASER.—A new article especially adapted for the counting house artists' use. It will instantly remove ink stains of recent or long standing, without scratching or injuring the paper. For sale in single boxes for 25 cents at the Rubber Store, 115 Randolph street, Kingsbury block.

LECTURES ON REFORMATION.—Rev. Wm. H. Ryder, pastor of St. Paul's Universalist Church, on Sunday evening next commences a series of four Lectures on the Holy Land. His own travels in Palestine, with his scholarly acquirements and ability, will render them attractive and valuable not only to his own congregation but to all our citizens who may choose to attend the same.

RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The regular session of Rush Medical College commences on Wednesday next. Preliminary lectures have been delivered during the month of October to an unusually large class, which now numbers 70 students. It will be gratifying to the friends of this long-established institution, to learn that the prospects for the present winter are more flattering than ever before.

AGAIN IN ORDER.—The extensive bindery establishment of Messrs. Culver, Page & Hoyne, one of the largest and most complete in the Northwest, on the corner of Lake and Clark street, which was somewhat injured by fire some weeks since, has been put in complete order and condition, and that with little or no interruption of its business. The proprietors have an enviable reputation and a deserved success.

THE ACCIDENT TO ALDERMAN JONES.—The many friends of Alderman Jones, who was run over at the late fire by a heavily loaded hook and ladder truck, will be pained to learn that his injuries were much worse than was at first supposed. He was severely bruised on both legs, his back and an arm, besides being badly cut on the head and face, and has since been confined to his bed and in great pain. Fortunately no limbs were broken, and Dr. Blake, who is in attendance upon him hopes he will be able to be out on election day to vote for "Old Abe."

THE BODIES RECOVERED AT MILLER'S STATION.—A correspondent reminds us that by our hasty consignation on this former letter, we did injustice to the coroner of Lake county, Indiana, where a number of bodies of victims of the Lady Elgin disaster were washed ashore. The Coroner of that county has held eighteen of these inquests up to Thursday last, and has the lists and all articles of property taken from the same, in his possession. His name is not furnished us but he resides nine miles from Gibson Station on the M. C. R. R., or Miller's Station on the M. & S. R. R., at either of which places, friends inquiring, can obtain full information, the station agents of both places having shown themselves energetic and humane in the matter.

THE TRACHINGS OF THE SEASON.—Yesterday a change of weather, fresh from out the North, drove everybody into thick clothing, and set the housekeepers who have delayed the same, into deep calculation on the subject of stoves. The brothers A. R. & G. H. Miller, at their store, No. 267 State street, are just in a position to answer that question, and in a manner most satisfactory to the inquirer. Very many of their *Boston Coal and Gas Burners* are in use in this city, and the praise accorded them by their possessors is of value as disinterested and intelligent. The Messrs. Miller have a large assortment of Stoves, both coal and wood burning, in various popular patterns, together with a heavy and extensive stock of Housekeeping wares and Shelf hardware. Connected with the same is one of the largest and busiest establishments in the South Division for manufacture of every description of Tin Ware, and General Jobbing. Our housekeepers will do well to give them a call.

Republicans of Chicago!

Meet in your respective Clubs this (Saturday) evening.

Rally for the Cause and our Candidates. The time is brief before election. Are you ready?

The Committee will not designate places of meeting, but request *every* Republican organization to meet *on its own hook* this night. Let the spirit of Freedom animate you, and let the result of Tuesday next show that we are worthy of the cause we advocate.

JULIUS WHITE, GEO. W. GAGE,
C. P. J. ARNOT, HENRY WENDT,
GEO. P. HANSON, Campaign Committee.

Last Grand Rally at the Wigwam Before Election.

Monday night, Nov. 5th, there will be a *general good time* at the Wigwam. Speeches of ten minutes in length, songs, and voluntary sentiments will be given. The Wide-Awakes will parade and attend in a body. Let the Republicans of Chicago turn out and fill the Wigwam. Our opponents are demoralized, broken and dispirited. Victory is ours! Let us then make the Wigwam ring on Monday night.

JULIUS WHITE, GEO. W. GAGE,
C. P. J. ARNOT, HENRY WENDT,
GEO. P. HANSON, Campaign Committee.

Notice to Rangers and Wide-Awakes.

The Lincoln Rangers and different Wide-Awake Companies will form in grand procession, Monday evening, November 5, at 8o'clock. They will form on Washington street—right resting on Clark. The Lincoln Rangers will take the right and the other companies on their left, according to date of organization. The German Working Men's Club, the Turners, Seward Club, and all Republican clubs are invited to attend to join in the demonstration. The march will be a short one. The object being to have all meet at the Wigwam for short speeches, songs and consultations. The order to march will be given at *eight o'clock precisely*, and it is earnestly hoped that all will be ready at that time. I should be pleased to have the Assistant Marshals, who acted on the 2d of Oct., assist me on this occasion.

GEO. W. GAGE,
Chief Marshal.

WIDE AWAKES AND REPUBLICANS OF THE 6TH WARD, RALLY.—There will be a grand demonstration of the citizens of the 6th Ward to-night. All the members of the 6th Ward Wide Awake Club and every Republican of the Ward is invited to participate. There will be uniforms and torches for every one at the 6th Ward Headquarters, where the Procession will leave at 7½ o'clock precisely. A good Band will be in attendance. Come one, come all.

Per order of Committee. WM. WATMAN.

MEETING OF THE VOTERS OF THE SECOND WARD.—A meeting will be held at Schroeder & Opitz', corner of Jackson and Clark streets, this (Saturday) evening. Friends of Lincoln and Liberty, turn out! Every voter be present. Good speakers will be in attendance, and a good time is in store. Rally! Rally!!

JO. W. SELL, Pres't.
E. DENMAN, Sec'y.

ATTENTION, TENTH WARD WIDE-AWAKES.—Division C, of the West Side Wide-Awakes, you are notified to attend the meeting at Niemeyer's, on Canal street, this (Saturday) evening, Nov. 3, at 7½ o'clock precisely. Every member is urged to attend, as some before the meeting, it is important every member should be present. By order,

JOSEPH WEBB, Captain.

PIONEERS, ATTENTION!—This Club will turn out for parade on Monday evening. Every man who has signed the roll of this Club is invited to be on hand and join in this last turn out before election.

WM. HUDSON OSBORNE, Capt.

WEST SIDE JUNIOR WIDE AWAKES.—You are notified to appear at your club rooms, corner Randolph and Morgan streets, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, for drill and at 6¾ o'clock for regular meeting. Members are particularly requested to come to the meeting. By order of Secretary.

H. CLAY DAGGEY.

ATTENTION, WIDE AWAKES OF THE NORTH DIVISION.—The business meeting of the above Club previous to the election, takes place this (Saturday) evening at 7½ o'clock, at No. 147 North Clark street. The Committee on Finances will make their report, and it is expected that all members having money belonging to the Club in their hands, will follow suit. Fall not to be on hand, so that our last arrangements may be completed for the grand finale of the campaign.

Cook

VOLUME XIX.

Chicago Tribune.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1860.

SPEAK IT OUT.

Why not put the opposition to Mr. Hesing on its true ground, and say that "he must be beaten because he is a Dutchman!" Why not print in the papers what you more-heads and pro-slavery men acting in concert are constantly asserting on the streets and in the grog-shops? That would be fair and manly. Do anything but attempt to rule a man's character because you have not the courage to attack his nationality!

ANOTHER ACCESSION.

ARCHIBALD CLYBOURNE, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Chicago, and heretofore an active friend of Bell and Everett, declared his intention yesterday to vote for ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Mr. Clybourne is a Virginian; "but," says he "when a paper right here in our midst "preaches the treason which has become "common to the *Times and Herald*, it is "time for all patriotic men to unite upon "that Union candidate that we know has a "chance to be elected, and is sure to put "rebellion down!" Mr. Clybourne is not alone. Thousands feel all that he says—that the time has come to put an end to the traitorous gabble about the wreck of this government, by giving the traitors a chance to make good their threats. Move on the column!

A DISUNION CERTAIN.

CHARLEY RICHMOND says, and we presume it's true, that there is an agent of the fire-eaters of South Carolina now in this city, to hire Democrats to go South and hold their niggers while they dissolve the Union. He thinks inasmuch as that precious State has 190,000 more blacks than whites, that wages for Northern men will be good there this winter, if this disunion movement goes on. There are many who would unquestionably accept the offers which are already made, but for the fact that the blank contracts sent on here contain a clause forbidding the employees to amalgamate with the slaves, while the chivalry are absent at the war. A little more liberality and less scruple for "Southern rights" in this regard, would doubtless secure the services of as many Democrats as the rebellious State will be able to pay for. Charles says he is ready to suggest a compromise whenever his services in this delicate matter are asked for.

SEND IT TO THE HOUSE.

Suppose you do send it to the House—what then? Why, Breckinridge will be elected, and his gang of nullifiers and secessionists, with their slave code and their project for re-opening the slave trade, will be commissioned with a new lease of power, or, in the terrific battle which will be fought in Congress, the Union will be torn to pieces. Are either of these the goal for which the friends of Mr. Douglas—those of them who desire to curb the arrogance of the slave drivers—set out? If you will, send it to the House; but let those who commit that suicidal act, be ready to bear the curses which will be showered down upon their guilty heads. Why not end the whole matter, and vote for Honest Old Abe, at once. Is he not safe, is he not wise, is he not a man of the people, is he not a patriot of the true metal? Who can imagine that Abraham Lincoln could play the fool's or the traitor's part?

WHY THEY FAILED.

The Baltimore *Patriot* calls attention to the fact that the great value of the specie system in our national finances has been again realized by the people in the late efforts of the Secretary of the Treasury and the gamblers of the New York stock exchange, to produce a money panic that would knock down all prices. They could not reach the circulating medium. The hundreds of independent banks could not be induced to contract their circulation, with the same facility as the Pennsylvania United States Bank could. Fortunate was it, that the Democratic leaders could not use the specie system, they were the authors of, against the public interests, or we should have seen another Biddle panic enacted about these times.

Let us hope that the lesson will not be forgotten, and that the few Republicans who still cling to the idea of an United States Bank, will see the dangerous power of such an institution when engineered by unscrupulous men like Cobb and his *confreres* in that outrageous swindle.

A SMALL FORETASTE.

A correspondent of the Missouri *Republican* says that able-bodied negroes are now worth little or nothing in the New Orleans market—planters being unwilling to invest their money in property, the tenure of which, while dissolution of the Union stares them in the face, is so uncertain. All accounts from Virginia unite in saying that slave property has depreciated about 20 per cent. in Richmond, in the last twenty days, and that the tendency is still downward. This is but a foretaste of what will happen if this disunion blather is kept up. Let the South attempt to secede, and before the end of the first year of Lincoln's Administration, the chivalry, now boasting of the fidelity of their "servants," would be offering premiums of a generous sum *per capitum* to have them taken out of the South. Let the traitors be respectfully invited to go ahead. We had hoped that the end of American slavery would not come suddenly—until the slaves were in some measure prepared for freedom—but if the madmen who are threatening the Union insist upon instant emancipation, and that in a way that will give occasion for the outpouring of rivers of blood, theirs, not ours, is the responsibility for the unaccountable folly.

PLAIN QUESTIONS.

What have the sincere, earnest, zealous Douglas men in Chicago, to gain by continued support of their candidate? You, Carver, Gage, Colvin, Sherman, Van Buren, McAllister and a host of others who wish the country well—you who hope for the perpetuity of this Union, for the limitation of the arrogant Slave Power, and for the extension of free principles,—what are you doing in this crisis? Do you want, by a division of Northern men, to put that faction, which has disrupted and ruined the Democratic party and assumed the control of the Government, into power again? Do you want to elect John C. Breckinridge and indorse his policy? Are you disunionists, and do you want to aid and comfort the men who are threatening to break this Government up? If not, why persist in the efforts which, if successful, will throw the election into the House and secure the triumph of that which you most hate? Why not unite with us and settle this disunion question now and forever by putting Abe Lincoln in the Presidential Chair and bidding the disunionists do their worst? Is not Lincoln wise, moderate, cool, discreet, patriotic? Don't you know him as such? Is not the contest between him and Breckinridge? Has Douglas any chance? Are you not for Lincoln, the Union and slavery restriction, rather than for Breckinridge, disunion and slavery extension? Douglas, being out of the way, are you not for white men and the North, rather than slaves and the South? Do you want Old Abe to go into the Presidency backed up only by a feeble majority, that will encourage the enemies of the Government and of human liberty to prosecute their traitorous designs? You know he will go in with or without your aid—why not then use him there by an unanimity which will nip disunion in the bud, and give this great Republic peace again? These are home questions, but they are important, and they demand an answer at the polls on that day in which the North, "each every man to do his duty in guarding a sacred trust," shall prove itself worthy of perpetuating that glorious heritage, which our fathers left us? Let us, *en masse*, vote Old Abe! Arm at our head, sweep down upon the enemies of the Constitution and the Union, and silence them forever!

WORDS FOR THE COUNTRY.

Look out for Invaders and Repeaters.

WIDE AWAKES TO YOUR POSTS.

What to Do and How to Do It.

Look out for the invaders in the country and the repeaters in the city. Be prepared for them. Commence early and watch late. Let no man vote unchallenged whom you do not know. See that there is no double-voting. Promptly arrest men who are suspected of perjury and fraud. Ply the challenges thick and fast where there is doubt. Do not be deterred by threats. It is your right to challenge. Make it respected. Watch the inspectors of elections, that they do their duty. They are amenable to the law. If they play unfairly, indict them after having gathered proof of their guilt.

We shall beat the enemy this time; but only by the exercise of vigilance and zeal. Men and brethren! go to work. Perfect your arrangements for election day. Get your teams ready, and have your challengers early on the spot.

WATCH THE BALLOT BOXES! Do not lose sight of them during the day. See that they are opened before the voting begins, and that no ballots are concealed by California devices which will falsify the true result. When dinner time comes, do not let the box go out of sight of some trustworthy Republican. If it is left at the polls, have some one stay with it. If it goes with the judges, have some one go along. Don't be modest or mealy-mouthed. This false Democracy is not to be trusted. They have defrauded us in California time and time again, in Kansas most grossly and wickedly; in Wisconsin just as nefariously; in Missouri they defeated Blair by stuffing; in New York every election is vitiated by the same means. They have arrived at the belief that power is theirs and that they must possess it by fair means or foul—that they alone are entitled to rule. See by all means in your power that they do not play any of their games in Illinois!

STAY OR HAVE A COMMITTEE STAY AT NIGHT UNTIL THE VOTES ARE COUNTED AND THE RETURNS MADE UP! This is all-important. You have a right by the law of the land to be represented in the room in which the counting is going on. Exercise that right at all hazards. No judges will dare deny it if it is insisted upon. Keep your eyes on the gun! Honest men will not object to being watched—no matter how closely. When the judges get restive under your eyes—WATCH THEM MORE CAREFULLY. They will bear it.

Remember, that if cheating is intended, locking the boxes is no safeguard. Keys are plenty that fit all sorts of locks, and so there are men who will not scruple to use them! Keep your eyes skinned all the while, and we shall beat 'em at last.

If you and all of us can keep them from cheating, we shall beat them 20,000. If they cheat us 10,000 by importations and ballot-box stuffing, our majority will fall off just that much. That must not be!

Have you got all the tickets necessary?

Have you your teams engaged?

Have you your challengers pledged to be early on hand?

Have you got your vigilance committees appointed?

In a word, are you ready for victory? If not, lose no time. This fight is for the rescue of free principles, for a good, honest, economical government, and for the perpetuity of the Union. It is the fight of White Men against the Black Power.

Men of Illinois, we must not lose it! There are the enemy. Up, then, and at 'em!

WHO OPPOSE HESING.

1. The Pro-Slavery Democrats. They hate him because he is a Republican; and they wish to get possession of the office of Sheriff to use it hereafter to the detriment of the Republican party.

2. Professional jurors, and men who have or expect to have an interest in the selection of juries hereafter. These two classes are playing into each others hands in the fight against Hesing. The latter think they will want the services of the former as jurymen, and know that Hesing cannot be used as Sheriff for that purpose; and the former, knowing his hostility to them as a class, accept the aid of the latter to put him down—a service which they are to repay when certain cases come up for trial.

3. Certain Deputy Sheriffs who have not had assurances from Hesing that they will be retained in office; and certain disappointed applicants for the nomination before the Republican Convention, together with the expectants of deputy ships under them.

These three classes constitute the entire opposition to Mr. Hesing. Of the first we have no complaints to make. They are our political opponents, and we expect them to use every possible effort to defeat our men wherever and whenever they can, and especially here in Cook County, where a four years' fast has whetted their appetites for the spoils of office. Nor do we complain of the opposition of the professional jurors to Mr. Hesing. They are doubtless correct in believing that, if he is elected, the place that has known them long will know them no more forever. They and all others who believe that the ends of justice are to be subserved by sustaining such a class of men, ought certainly not to vote for Hesing. Neither ought that class of men to support him who expect, by packing juries, to escape the penalties of the law, for he would be the last man whom they could corruptly use. They know this well, and hence the bitterness and activity with which they assail him.

Of the remaining opponents of Hesing, we have only to say that their own conduct is the best possible commentary upon their political dishonesty. Men whose principles consist of the "five loaves and two fishes," are unworthy a place in the ranks of Republicanism. Let them go, and not stand upon the order of their going. The Republican party is stronger without them than with them, and no one will regret that they have sought more congenial associates in the ranks of the pro-slavery Democracy.

REMEMBER THE UNFAITHFUL.

In a contest like this in which the Republican party is engaged in town, county and State, there is no excuse for a want of fidelity to the party's candidates. They are good and true men; they were fairly and honorably nominated; they ought to be triumphantly elected. They will be. But this election is not the last. Let us, in the next, remember the selfish partisans who are now unfaithful—who, for some fancied slight, some failure to command places which their ambition coveted, some gratification of personal hate—are putting in peril the ascendancy of the Republicans in the next Legislature, and jeopardizing in Illinois the fruit of six years earnest and doubtful struggle. Are we to lose the Legislature and accept in Trumbull's place, Don Morrison for U. S. Senator, because Hesing was born in Germany? Shall we be compelled to submit to an unjust and fraudulent apportionment of the State, because Wm. Church was renominated over a less successful competitor? Shall we prevent the large German vote, without which Republicanism in Chicago and Illinois is powerless, from going with us hereafter, by wishing at the defeat of the German candidate now—a man who is a Republican and a citizen without reproach? Shall we sacrifice Scammon and Brown, two of the best citizens of the State, and put doubtful material in the law-makers' place because somebody has said that they do not hate N. B. Judd?

Last Spring we stifled resentments which were the growth of years, forgot injuries and slanders that were hard to bear, forgave offences that we thought never could be forgiven, and did our best for candidates who were personally hostile and politically objectionable, in view of the next Tuesday's struggle. That, even then, was above and superior to all other considerations. The men before whom we gave way then, that there might be peace—that the prospects of a Republican triumph in the State might not be marred by a quarrel and a split here in the seat of Republican power—where are they now? They lead the bolters. They are daily caddling under dirty Democratic blankets with the men whom we then fought with unsparing vigor and zeal for their sake. They are moving all the agencies that they can control to compass a defeat of the party to which they owe so much!

We entreat Republicans who have been gulled by these men to open their eyes to the fact that the question now at issue is not one of fees, of the nationality of candidates, or of the proper or improper division of patronage. It is a question of Republican ascendancy in Chicago and in Illinois—a question which, through the election of a Senator and the apportionment for members of Congress, is a matter of National concern! We entreat them to frown down all attempts to produce discord and strife now; and to remember the men who are plotting for a Republican defeat. Remember the traitors!

Great Meeting at Danville.

The Republican mass meeting at Danville last Monday was one of the largest and finest demonstrations of this campaign. The number present were estimated at 15,000. It was emphatically a turn-out en masse, of men, women and children.

The principal speakers were Hon. Richard Yates—the next Governor—and Hon. Albert S. White of Indiana. Vermillion county will roll up a larger Republican majority than it has ever before given.

How the Slaveholders Reward their Treason Preachers.

The Charleston *Mercury*, the ablest, oldest and most influential disunion paper in the United States, thus speaks of the pecuniary rewards it has received for its treasonable preaching:

"How is it with the Southern presses, faithful to the rights and institutions of the South? Take the Charleston *Mercury*, which, for thirty-five years has been a prominent press in the South—what has been the fate of its editors? The *first* ruined—the second hardly earned a narrow subsistence—the *third* injured, but sold out in time—the *fourth* died a ruined man. The *fifth*, our humble selves, of whom we will say nothing. What paper at the North has brought to the public understanding more ability, eloquence or fidelity, than the Charleston *Mercury* (we speak not of ourselves)? There have been brains and labor enough in it, to have amassed a dozen fortunes. Yet, how meagre has been the public patronage conferred upon it, compared with its Northern contemporaries? How many tens of thousands of dollars due to it, have been lost, uncollectable and unpaid? How many tens of thousands of dollars are now due to it—and chiefly by the very men—the planters—the slaveholders of the South—whose property and institutions—whose liberties and lives, it has labored to protect? If its principles and policy were for sale to-morrow, in Wall street, New York, it could with ease realize a hundred thousand dollars. We know what we say."

The President's Organ on the next Senate.

The *Constitution* has the following in regard to the political complexion of the United States Senate. It says:

The next Senate will be composed thus:

DEMOCRATS AND CONSERVATIVES.

Fifteen Southern States	30
Mr. Bright of Indiana	1
Mr. Thompson of New Jersey	1
Mr. Latham of California	1
Total	34

OPPOSITION—BLACK REPUBLICANS.

Maine	2	Ohio	2
New Hampshire	2	Indiana	1
Vermont	2	Illinois	2
Massachusetts	2	Michigan	2
Rhode Island	2	Iowa	2
Connecticut	2	Wisconsin	2
New York	2	Minnesota	2
New Jersey	2	Oregon	1
Pennsylvania	2		
Total	20		

Pennsylvania and Indiana will send Black Republicans in the places of Messrs. Brodhead and Fitch, and hence we put them down, though their successors have not yet been elected. Mr. Douglas' position is such that he may or may not act with the South, and hence we class him with neither. If Dr. Gwin is re-elected, the Democrats and conservatives will have thirty-five instead of thirty-four, and if he is defeated, it will stand thus:

Democrats and Conservatives	34
Republicans	32
Mr. Douglas	1

In all probability Kansas will be admitted during the approaching session of this Congress, or the first session of the next, which will make the Senate almost a tie.

Yancey on Jefferson.

In Mr. Yancey's letter to Mr. Meadows, written June 10, 1860, he spoke as follows of Mr. Jefferson:

Exceedingly loose, and indeed unconstitutional ideas on the subject of Slavery early crept into the public mind. Wild, impracticable notions as to the humanity of the human race, got abroad both here and in Europe. The world had so long been pressed down under the weight of absolute despotism that the form of opinion went far beyond the line of truth; and the error, starting in France, swept across the Atlantic, and for a time unsettled, even here, the well-balanced principles of our Constitution, and the opinions of *some of our greatest statesmen*. From this source Mr. Jefferson became imbued with the spirit of Slavery emancipation; and under his powerful influence this mental poison spread through our political sphere; while under the still stronger influence of several mighty preachers of the gospel, it became a creed in our religion that Slavery was a moral leprosy fastened upon the land. In the height of these radically false notions, Congress passed the law prohibiting the foreign trade in slaves—declaring it to be of the ignominious grade of piracy—on a level with and the equal of murder and robbery on the high seas; and having thus cut off one of the chief resources of its increase and prosperity on the east, it turned to west, and by the Missouri Compromise, as it was falsely called—by the first application of the Wilmot proviso in fact, it declared that Slavery should be forever excluded from all of our Territories north of 36 deg. 30 min., that is, from three fourths of our domain.

What Old Abe Said.

The *Louisianian*, a Breckinridge paper of New Orleans, gives publicity to the following conversation between a New Orleans merchant and Mr. Lincoln:

A highly respectable merchant of our city, just returned from the North and West, informs us that during his visit there he had an interview with Old Abe, the rail-splitter. Upon being asked by our informant what he would do, or what would likely be his policy in regard to the South should he be elected, the rail-splitter replied that similar interrogatories had been propounded to him by many persons, and also in writing by letter, but that he had uniformly refused to answer them, since he did not deem it either politic or prudent to declare his policy in advance. He took occasion, however, to apprise our informant that he would dispel the illusion existing at the South, that he would have to send men from the Free States to fill the offices, by assuring him that there would be found plenty of persons at the South glad enough to get them, and that he had already received four hundred letters from the slave States begging office, a large and considerable portion of which came from Louisiana.

We beg our readers to ponder upon this, and keep a copy of this paper until after the 4th of March next, should the Illinois rail-splitter be elected, and when he makes his appointments for Louisiana, refer to this statement, and he will have an additional cue to the causes and motives of the disruption of the Democratic party at Charleston and Baltimore. These fellows, in their application for office, are taking time by the forelock, and are determined not to be behindhand in the race to catch the treasury drippings. Is it any wonder after such revelations, to hear persons in Louisiana say that Lincoln is preferable to Douglas and more safe and reliable for the South? We think that the rail-splitter showed a good deal of shrewdness when he played the Frederick the Great of silence, and refused to answer the interrogatories put to him. A mum candidate always has an advantage over one who frankly expresses his views, because his supporters, not knowing what his opinions are, have nothing to find fault with, but are compelled, as gamblers say, to go it blind."

Important Decision.

Judge Grier, of the United States Circuit Court, at Philadelphia, has decided in a case arising between the Post Office Department and Blood's dispatch, in that city, "that Congress never intended to declare all of the streets of a city were post roads, and that the government had failed to make out a case."

—Mr. Tappan, an elderly gentleman, fell down in Milk street, Boston, on Friday, by treading on a loop skirt, and broke his arm.

DEMOCRATIC FRAUD DETECTED.

Forging Names to Papers in the County of Kane.

ELGIN, Nov. 1st, 1860.

Editors Chicago Tribune:

By the enclosed, from the Elgin *Gazette* you will notice what means our Democratic opponents are using to carry the State for Douglas. When on last Tuesday, Oct. 30th, the fraud was discovered, our Democratic friends felt really a little ashamed, and indeed they feared that the names of the parties who indorsed these forged papers, would be made known to the public. We hope yet that the forgers will be detected and suffer the consequences of the law. Yours, truly, DR. JAEGER.

MORE DEMOCRATIC FORGERIES.

As noted in another place the Court of Common Pleas in this city is now holding a special term to grant naturalization papers. On Thursday the Court detected a man in offering a forged paper declaring his intentions to become a citizen. The paper is dated in 1856 and signed by Lafaee Dearborn, clerk of Kane County Circuit Court. The clerk of our court is an expert in detecting forgeries or alterations in writing. He discovered that this paper was signed with ink that was yet fresh, although purporting to be four years old. The man upon being questioned under oath said he had never made application at Geneva for his first papers, and that a man had given him this paper; said he would bring in the man that gave him the paper and then made an excuse to retire for a moment, since which he has not been heard from. Upon examination, it was ascertained that nearly twenty persons had received their second papers on these forged first papers. It appears that some scoundrel has got hold of a lot of Dearborn's old blanks, and is filling them up and furnishing them to ignorant Frishmen, and sending them to obtain their papers, so that they can vote for Douglas. It is thus the Democracy intend to be successful in this district. We mean to get hold of the names of those who have imposed upon the Court, and we hope their votes will be challenged when they come to the polls. It is this utter recklessness on the part of Democratic leaders, this trifling with the elective franchise, this bartering away the dearest right of American citizens, which has aroused the sober thinking masses to prostrate that party forever.—*Elgin Gazette, Nov. 1st.*

Gar-reat Squatter Rally at the Capital of Wisconsin!!!

Special Notices.

☞ Persons afflicted with the fever and ague should not experiment with quinine, but go to Druggists and procure Dr. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, a remedy that effects more than the system thoroughly proved to those who have been long subject to the chills, and whose blood, liver and stomach have been saturated with the poison of miasma and its effects, such as yellow skin, sallow complexion, general debility, Loss of appetite, Nausea, Heartburn, Constipation, Flatulency, Dizziness, Nervous reaction, and whose eyes are yellow, with death staring them in the face, will find relief from the use of this Bitters. Those who are curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Obrealich, the celebrated Hair Dresser, of Saratoga, N. Y., has brought the art of Hair Dyeing and Hair Dressing, at No. 189 Lake street, will find their curious productions of art. No person should be disappointed who visits the Saratoga Rooms, as the Hair Dyeing and Hair Dressing Rooms are conducted in a manner unsurpassed by any establishment in the country. Those who are curious to witness these

Chicago Tribune.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1860.

MONETARY.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 2.

Eastern Exchange was in rather better supply to-day and rates were scarcely so firm. There is no change however to note, and we quote it at 1 per cent buying, 3@3¼ per cent premium at the selling rate.

There was an active demand for currency by grain dealers; but it was generally met promptly by the bankers.

BOONE COUNTY BANK, LEBANON, IND.—By an extra issued to-day by E. I. Thatcher & Co's Bank Note Reporter, we have the following information:

Is, 2s, 3s, 5s, 10s and 20s, are in circulation, said to be from the genuine plate, with forged signatures. The genuine is engraved by the "New York Bank Note Co.," and most miserably done. We advise all persons not to take any of them. We shall not receive them at our counter on deposit, or otherwise.

RAILITIES OF THE GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD COMPANY.—The following table shows the earnings of this road from Oct. 25 to Oct. 31:

	1860.	1859.
Freight	$40,514.49	$54,674.86
Passengers	8,508.17	8,998.64
Mails, &c.	617.99	1,000.00
	$50,690.54	$67,883.49
Whole month		$264,555.41
Corresponding month in 1859		$316,068.71

RECEIPTS OF THE ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—The following table shows this monthly statement of earnings of this road from Oct. 1st to Oct. 31st, 1860:

Passengers	$44,185.70
Freight	65,003.33
Mails and Express	3,201.53
Total	110,188.76
Corresponding period in 1859	90,102.00
Decrease in 1860	20,087.24

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R.—The following is an approximate statement of the earnings of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company for the month of September, 1860, compared with the same period of last year, viz:

	1860.	1859.
Freight	$143,000.49	$139,329.57
Passengers	87,010.21	86,729.03
Express	3,200.00	3,200.00
Mails	7,395.00	7,395.00
Rents of Depot	5,833.33	5,833.33
Rents and Misc'l's	200.00	275.00
Total	$246,708.01	$233,313.50
Increase over 1859		13,395.49
Increase for the year		$95,207.07

The earnings of this road for September, exceed those of any one month since its completion, and the aggregate increase to September 30th over those of last year, betokens a very satisfactory sum for the fiscal year to end December 31st prox.

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 2, 1860.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the past twenty-four hours:

RECEIVED.	Flour bbls.	Wheat Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Bar'y bu.
Canal	600	3871	10084		1065
G. & C. U. R. R.	1000	1000			1000
C. & R. I. R. R.	430	1750	700		
C. R. I. & P. R. R.	1000	5000	2000		850
C. B. & Q. R. R.	295	16000	3446		413
C. & N. W. R. R.	495	5071			313
C. & M. R. R.	1400	1400	2200		711
Total	5320	36642	28430	70	4352

SHIPMENTS.	Flour bbls.	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Bar'y bu.
To Buffalo	600	16800				
To Oswego		16500				
To Canada		19780				
Total	600	53780	19780			

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL YESTERDAY.

Receipts.	Flour bbls.	Wheat bu.	Wood, cds.	Corn bu.
Wheat, bu.	3,271			45
Corn, bu.	10,084			
Barley, bu.	1,065	Lumber, M.		19,700
Highwines, bbls.	31	Salt, bbls.		30
Shingles, bu.	3,000			

Shipments.	Flour bbls.	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Bar'y bu.
Iron, Bs.	1,755,000	Coal, tons				
Apples, bbls.	300	Shingles,				
Plum, pkgs.	105	Horses, no.				4
Lumber, ft.	367,000	Cattle, no.				26
Lath, no.	212,000	Flour, bbls.				670
Shingles, no.	110,000	Wheat, bu.				2000
Staves, no.	113,000	Wheat, bu.				79,500
Wood, cds.	615	Hay, tons.				11
Salt, bbls.	1,500	Wheat, bu.				72,450
Wheat, bu.	600	Barley, bu.				10,637
Salt, bbls.	4,200	Fish, pkgs.				10
Empty Oil	300					

Owing to light receipts of Wheat—only 66,868 bushels—and all active shipping and speculative inquiry, the market opened buoyant and active at an advance of 3@5c, toward the close, however, less favorable news was received from New York, and the market receded again,—the advance being entirely lost. About 150,000 bushels changed hands, at 95c for Extra Club; 93c for No. 2 Red; 88@89c for Northwestern Club; 87½@88c for No. 1 Spring; and 84@85c for No. 2 Spring. The market closing dull at 82c for No. 2 Spring. The Flour market was less active to-day, owing to the firmness of holders, who were asking higher prices. Only about 1100 bbls changed hands at $4.25@4.45 for choice to good Spring extras, and $3.30@3.80 for Spring Superfine—prices somewhat nominal, no change from yesterday. The Corn market was buoyant and No 2 advanced 1c, with sales of about 60,000 bu at 37½c for No. 2 Canal f. o. b.; 35c for No. 1 in store; and 35½@36c for No. 2 in store.

New Corn advanced materially, and sold freely in store—principally the outside quotation. Oats are in good demand for shipment South, as well as East, and the market advanced 1c—with limited sales at 19½c f. o. b. Rye, 47½@48c in store, Barley quiet. Highwines were dull at 18c. Timothy Seed firm at $2.40 for prime. Hogs—There is a fair inquiry by packers, and the market is steady. Sales were:

Delivered.	Price.	Hogs.	Ave.	Price.
14.	1940 lbs.	2.75	80	200 lbs. 2.95
15.	1000 "	2.85	94	225 " 3.00
15.	1095 "	2.80	175	245 " 2.85
15.	1140 "	2.70	84	200 " 2.80
15.	940 "	2.80	84	200 " 2.80
17.	865 "	2.80	85	200 " 2.85

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—ASHES—Unchanged, with trifling sales at $5.25 for pots and pearls.

FLOUR—Fluer opened quite firm at an advance of fully 5c, but the market closed heavy and dull. The shippers refuse to operate, and the market closed with a downward tendency. Sales 14,000 bbls at $5.05@5.40 for superfine state; $5.20@5.60 for extra state—chiefly at $5.50@5.55; $5.60@5.75 for superfine western; $5.70@5.90 for common to medium extra western; $5.70@5.90 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; $5.70@6.00 for trade brands do; and $6.00@6.40 for fancy and extra quotations, from most without striking change, with trifling change in favor of buyers. Rye flour is dull at $4.30@4.50. Corn meal is dull at $3.00@3.20.

WHEAT—Receipts, 6,000 bu; shipped, 118,734 bu. Market opened buoyant and closed dull. Sales were:—50 bags Extra Club at 95c on track; 300 bu No. 2 Red at 93c. In store: 1,000 bu Northwestern Club at 86c in store; 10,000 bu do at 88c in store; 40,000 bu No. 1 Spring at 86c in store; 15,000 bu do at 85½c in store; 5,000 bu do on private terms; 40,000 bu No. 2 Spring at 84c in store; 5,000 bu do at 83½c in store; 13,000 bu do at 82½c in store; 25,000 bu do at 82c in store; 2,000 bu do at 81½c in store; 1,500 bu Rejected Red at 78c in store; 20,000 bu Winter Red Estate Ohio terminable at 90c.

J. M. PARKER,
sold18-3m No. 79 Washington corner, Portland Block.

WEST WASHINGTON Street.

House and Lot, on 6 acres of ground, one can say. The House and Lot (nearly 200 feet deep) are worth $2,000 in Washington St; is for sale at private sale, or will exchange for property. Apply to C. H. GAUBERT, 94 Lasalle St. oc24tw

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot near Union Park; House and Lot on Michigan avenue, very desirable; House and Lot on Lincoln; Union Park; also, 12 Lots on Johnston street, between Union and Ogden avenue; 40 Lots on Lake Park, and 40 Lots, south of the city limits.
TOMPKINS & CO., Real Estate Agents.
oct8-d18-3m

WE HAVE LANDS WITH money to exchange for goods. Any one having dry goods for sale, and wishes to sell exchange for land, and balance in money, can find a purchaser by calling on TOMPKINS & CO., Room No. 6 Kingsbury Block, Randolph street.

FOR SALE.—360 Acres of Choice Pine Lands for sale or exchange for good City property. The land is in Wisconsin, on the Oconto River, fifty miles above the mouth. Inquire at 94 Lasalle street, Bolton's Mills. Also, two valuable Horses, Buggy, Harness, &c. For further information apply to ROBT. R. HILL, Proprietor of Garden City Hotel.
oct5-d19-3m

WANTED TO EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY, A FARM,

Consisting of 120 acres of prairie and 40 acres of timber land. Address, P. O. Box 14.
oct16-d19-3m

General Notices.

MISS KATE CAMERON HAS returned from the East and has opened her school of Painting and Drawing in Crosby's Opera House, where she will receive her old Pupils and those wishing to take lessons in Oil Painting and Pencil Drawing.
oct24-3m

$3,000 DRY GOODS.—To a responsible man living fifty miles within a hundred miles from Chicago on account of his health, and who can give good reference and security if required, an opportunity is offered of a stock of goods and business can of means for partner living in Chicago. Address "Merchant," Box 2426, or apply to A. BUTTERS, Auctioneer, Chicago, Ill.
oct24-3t

TO EXCHANGE.—Hard Wood Timbered land in a prairie country, 20 miles from Chicago, on which a Railroad will be built next year, for cash; to exchange for Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, or anything that is saleable. Inquire of or address BAKER & MAPPA, Real Estate Brokers, 77 Clark St., Chicago.
oct22d1w

$1 PER GALLON FOR Warranted Genuine Boston Kerosene Oil. Also, a large variety of

KEROSENE LAMPS

At very low prices at
GOOD & HOWARD,
oct23-d1w 22 North Clark street.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

No. 11,716 drew $10,000; No. 17,365 drew $5,000; No. 4,866 drew $1,000; No. 1,309 drew $50,000; No. 16,779 drew $10,000, being the five principal prizes in Drawing of Oct. 20th, 1860. Package of 10 whole tickets $5; halves $2.50; quarters $1.25; eighths $0.62½, sent free of expense by NATH'L TAYLOR, New Orleans.
oct23-d1w

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DRS. H. & C. KNAPP,

Formerly of New York, have opened an Infirmary at No. 140 Lake street, Chicago, for the treatment of Chronic Diseases. Dr. H. Knapp, who has devoted the principal part of his practice to the treatment of Chronic Diseases, has had many years experience in the treatment of Diseases of the Eye and Ear, and is confident that he can restore to perfect sight and hearing many who have been pronounced incurable. Dr. C. Knapp, who has had a large experience in the treatment of Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, will devote his attention to Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cancers, Rheumatism, Paralysis, and all Chronic Diseases are special diseases treated in this Institution.

They are the only physicians in America who cure

DYSPEPSIA AND WEAKNESS OF THE SPINE,

which they do by a

NEW METHOD,

And the Spinal Elevator invented and patented by them. They cure seven cases out of ten.

And Beneath All.

They treat successfully, on a new method, all diseases of the EYE and EAR.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Office No. 140 South Clark street, opposite New Post Office. Hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
au27d0-1y

140 — Removal. — 140

F. MUNSON

Has removed his stock of

Blank Books and Stationery

TO 140 LAKE STREET,

Where he has new and increased facilities for supplying all kinds of BLANK BOOKS of any desired style of

PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING,

At short notice.
nov2-1y F. MUNSON, 140 Lake street.

WE OFFER FOR SALE AT low prices,

500 Boxes Soap, 200 Boxes Starch,
100 Kegs Sal Soda, 100 Kegs S. C. Soda,
300 Boxes Tobacco, 25 Boxes Pearl
100 Boxes Concentrated Lye,

WILLIAM LITTLE & CO.,
129 South Water St.

SUGAR &C.

50 Hhds Sugar, 100 Bbls Sugar, 50 Tcs Sugar.
100 Bbls N. T. Syrup, 50 Bbls Molasses.
WM. LITTLE & CO., 129 South Water St

H. WORCESTER'S IMPROVED PIANO-FORTES.

Manufactory and Sales Rooms, Fourteenth Street, corner Third Avenue, New York.

For a quarter of a century the instruments made, and sold by the above establishment have ranked among the first in the country. Their durability, great power and delicacy of tone and touch, have been established by all who have given them a thorough test. The experience of thirty years, devoted exclusively to the manufacture of each instrument, in all its detail, is a guarantee to purchasers of their excellence and reliability in every respect.
(oct6d1m-eow

BILLIARD TABLES.—For Sale Splendid Rosewood Billiard Tables, with Slate Beds, such as are used in the world, for first class saloons. Persons wishing to purchase will find your orders by mail or otherwise, and I will fill them with promptness and dispatch, and in a manner warranted. W. H. GRIFFITH, Practical Billiard Table Manufacturer, No. 4 and 6 Fulton street, New York.
(oct18d1m-eow

CATARRH! CATARRH!

DR. HEALY'S Liquid Catarrh Remedy. Warranted to cure Catarrh in its worst form. Only 50 cents. A Circular, with full particulars of the disease, &c., sent free. Office in the Lake Street, corner of Wells, over 42351. Office in the Lake Street, corner of Wells, over 42351.

THE EAGLE SLATE COM. PANY, having prepared to receive orders for their SUPERIOR SLATES AND BUBBLE ROOFING SLATES, would call attention to the fact that this fire-proof material, and to the great purity of its slate, is unsurpassed by any in the market, and is prepared with other of Composition Roofing. The only Slate Roofing Company in the city. Orders left at the office of the Company, No. 3 Metropolitan Block, Clark street, or at the Quarries, Lake Superior, will receive prompt attention.
oct20-d1m

BY TELEGRAPH.

ARRIVAL OF THE CALIFORNIA STEAMER.

Important from South and Central America.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The steamer Northern Light, from Aspinwall, has arrived, with California mails of the 11th ult.

The Northern Light reports the sloops-of-war Lancaster and St. Mary's at Panama, and the Brooklyn and shortly Falmouth at Aspinwall 28th.

Advices from Valparaiso are to the 24 ult. Callao to the 13th of October. The steamer Moses Taylor had touched at Leia. The ultimatum of the American government had been rejected by Peru, so far as the Minister Thompson, Consul and Secretary claims are concerned. This refusal would compel the American Minister to demand his passports.

The ship Lucy Ann Hale was partially burnt on the 5th of Oct. at Callao.

A frightful accident occurred on the 30th in a dry dock at San Lorenzo, involving the sacrifice loss of the Peruvian frigate Callao, formerly the Amazonas, and a great loss of life. She was being docked with the crew on board, when some carelessness of the dock gave way, causing her to pitch over, when she rapidly filled with water. A great number of people, including men, women and children, lost by the hospital, all perished. All the particulars were not known at the date of advices, but it was believed that the number killed would reach 150. The unfortunate expended with their hands, arms and legs, was very great. The Callao was a forty-four gun frigate, and was built at Blackwell, England, and six years old. The dry dock was also damaged and rendered useless.

The revolution in Bolivia was suppressed. Several officers had been shot.

Advices from Nicaragua state the news of Walker's capture reached there on the 30th of September, causing much rejoicing. Martinez was appointed Minister of Justice. Mr. Dimitry was pressing the government for a convention to settle American claims, but unsuccessfully. The Minister, however, had consented to call a meeting of Congress on the 15th of September, so that the ratification of the Lamar Zeledon treaty might be effected within the time specified. It was stated that the government an offer of transit, but it was not accepted.

Advices from Guayaquil state that Flores' was disbanding his forces, but that the Peruvian President, Castilla, still maintained a hostile attitude, and was seeking permission from the Congress to declare war against Ecuador.

The U. S. steamer Narragansett left Callao on the 8th ult. for Panama.

A difficulty had arisen at Panama between the United States and British naval forces, owing to the arrest of an American officer and American citizen for refusing to respond to the challenge of the British guard, which had been stationed in the streets since the recent disturbance. Communications had passed between flag officer Montgomery and the British Commander, the result was not known.

Fresh alarm was occasioned at Panama on the night of the 29th, in consequence of a report that Gaetzo was coming with a party of negroes to sack the city. Troops were under arms all night. Nothing happened, but new rumors continued the excitement, and the city was kept in a state of excitement.

News from New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Counterfeit fives on the Bank of Hartford are in circulation.

Advices from Havana report the bark Tyra, of Boston, ashore on Cape Antonio.

The *Times* Baltimore correspondent says the Wide Awakes were rushed upon while entering the Front Street Theatre, by a crowd of Bell and Everett men, with clubs, on all directions. Only one person was injured, however, with a brick. After entering the theatre in an organized body, a desperate antagonistic meeting, but the police interfered and dispersed all but the Republicans, who, after a few addresses, also retired.

The *Herald* Washington dispatch says, intelligence from a reliable source says a residence for the Prince of Wales is not expected at present.

The ratification of the New Grenadian treaty is to take place at Washington to-day.

The steamer Hasmonia brings London papers to the 19th, unanticipated.

From New York—A Duel Expected.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The steamship Adriatic would not leave Havre until Friday, Oct. 26th, being three days after her appointed day of departure. The detention was in consequence of low tides.

The confession of Stebbins, the baggage master, implicated the two Roberts brothers, another agent and Superintendent Woolverf, in that of Adams's Express in April last.

The Oxford (Miss.,) *Mercury* says that a rumor prevails that a duel is to be fought between one of Senators and a distinguished politician, formerly a citizen of this State, but now a resident of Tennessee. The parties herein indicated are probably Jeff. Davis and Gen. Henry S. Foote.

Bloody Affray.

ALBANY, Nov. 2.—About 9 o'clock this morning, a lawyer of this city, named John Perry, entered the premises kept by John Cranfield, as a porter-house, in this city, and commenced a violent assault on him, throwing a handfull of Scotch snuff in his eyes, and then beating him with a cane. Perry came armed, and drew his pistol and wounded Cranfield in the stomach. Perry cannot survive. Cranfield received a severe wound in the stomach of the premises occupied by Cranfield. Perry bore a very bad character, and the sympathy of the community is entirely with Cranfield, whose action is considered entirely justifiable.

Accident from Firing a Cannon.

ALTON, Ill., Nov. 2.—Hon. Owen Lovejoy arrived on the Chicago train this morning to address the Republican Mass Meeting to-day. The Wide Awakes and citizens turned out with music and cannon to greet him. While the Club was firing the cannon, it went off prematurely, as Joel R. Tuttle was sending home the cartridge, tearing off his right arm, and throwing him over an embankment, a distance of about twenty-five feet. Amputation of the left arm was performed by Drs. Adams and Hall. He is a single man, and an employee in the Pinas Foundry.

Terrible Accident at New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 2.—A terrible accident has just occurred. The boilers of the factory of Cook & Brothers, makers of the wood-work of carriages, have exploded, tearing away a portion of the building and badly injuring several persons. One boy named Dix Kane, will die from a fracture of the skull. Two others, G. G. Baldwin and Geo. DeWolf, were badly scalded. Other inmates were also badly injured, and another boy named Rice is supposed to be buried under the ruins. The cause of the explosion is unknown. The canal and railroad track are covered with the ruins.

Terrible Steamboat Disaster.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 1.—The steamer H. R. W. Hill, from Memphis to New Orleans, exploded on Wednesday night. Thirty persons were instantly killed, and from forty to fifty terribly scalded.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 2.—Mr. McMichael, the Clerk of the steamer H. W. Hill, telegraphs to Shurly, Bell & Co., as follows: The Hill exploded one boiler under circumstances, and by order of the crew were scalded, some badly. Nine persons were killed. I am unhurt.

HURANNAH KIRBY.

Further by the Europa.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Nov. 1.—The Europa, Capt. Moody, encountered strong westerly winds the entire passage.

The Persia reached Liverpool from New York, at 1 P. M., on the 26th.

The Europa passed, at 4 P. M., 25th, lat. 51 deg. 20 min., long. 44 deg. 43 min., the steamer Canada for Liverpool—all well.

A Gross Outrage.

KEWANEE, Ill., Nov. 1.—Last night a party of well known persons entered the saloon of R. Austin, which they completely "gutted," ruining the entire contents. The reason given by them for this outrage is that Mr. Austin had expressed his intention not to vote for Ralph A. Tenny, the Democratic nominee for Sheriff of this county.

Sheridan Knowles.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—Sheridan Knowles, lost in the steamer Arctic, was not the author, but the Philadelphia agent of the American Bank Note Company, charged with the performance of work for the Emperor of Russia.

From Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, Nov. 2.—Three feet six inches of water on bars. Cloudy. Temperature 39 deg.

CHICAGO MILL-FURNISHING DEPOT.

T. W. BAXTER & CO.,
Manufacturer of
French Burr
MILLSTONES,
OF ALL QUARRIES, and
C. W. Brown's Patent Portable
FLOURING & GRIST MILLS,
AND DEALERS IN
BOLTING CLOTHS,
Smut Mills and Separators,
Separator Screens,
Bellings of all kinds,
Bran Dusters, Packs, Proof Sheets, &c., &c.
Fairbanks' Scales,
AND
MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mills contracted for entire.

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &c., &c.

The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers manufactured by the late firm of DOUGLASS, BAGLEY & JEWELL OF BUFFALO, N. Y., would invite the attention of persons in want of such machinery to the fact that the manufacture of each instrument, in all its details, has been under the personal supervision and responsibility in every respect.
(oct6d1m-eow

BILLIARD TABLES.—For Sale Splendid Rosewood Billiard Tables, with Slate Beds, such as are used in the world, for first class saloons. Persons wishing to purchase will find your orders by mail or otherwise, and I will fill them with promptness and dispatch, and in a manner warranted. W. H. GRIFFITH, Practical Billiard Table Manufacturer, No. 4 and 6 Fulton street, New York.
(oct18d1m-eow

CATARRH! CATARRH!

DR. HEALY'S Liquid Catarrh Remedy. Warranted to cure Catarrh in its worst form. Only 50 cents. A Circular, with full particulars of the disease, &c., sent free. Office in the Lake Street, corner of Wells, over 42351. Office in the Lake Street, corner of Wells, over 42351.

THE EAGLE SLATE COM. PANY, having prepared to receive orders for their SUPERIOR SLATES AND BUBBLE ROOFING SLATES, would call attention to the fact that this fire-proof material, and to the great purity of its slate, is unsurpassed by any in the market, and is prepared with other of Composition Roofing. The only Slate Roofing Company in the city. Orders left at the office of the Company, No. 3 Metropolitan Block, Clark street, or at the Quarries, Lake Superior, will receive prompt attention.
oct20-d1m

HEWIT'S MORMON BEATER HAY PRESS;

GUARANTEED THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Dimensions of bale, 22 in. by 22 in. at the ends, and 36 long; average weight 400 lbs. In shipping by Railroad we save nearly one-half in freight over any other Press. We can ship ten tons of Timothy Hay in a common box car. JOHN E. HARRIS, Allen Hills, Indiana, Inventor of Patented and exclusive proprietor of the patent for the United States. J. F. FISCHER & CO., Galesburg, Ill., Agents for Manufacturers for the State of Illinois. Send for Circular. Descriptive Circulars sent free upon application.
oct23-d1m

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.—Joint Resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Illinois, adopted February 5, 1857.

"Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, that the electors of the State of Illinois be, and they are hereby authorized to vote for or against members of the General Assembly, to vote for or against a Convention, and for delegates to such Convention for the State of Illinois.

The following is the mode under the following provision of the Constitution of this State:

ARTICLE XIV. SECTION 1. Two-thirds of all the members elected to each branch of the General Assembly shall think it necessary to call a Convention to revise, alter or amend this Constitution, they shall recommend to the electors at the next election of members of the General Assembly, to vote for or against a Convention; and if it shall appear that a majority of all the electors of the State voting at said election, have voted for a Convention, the General Assembly shall, at their next session, call a Convention.

It will be seen that it is necessary that all who are in favor of a Convention must vote the first day, and all voting for members of the Legislature, and not voting at all upon the question, will be counted as voting against a Convention. Let every friend of a Convention, therefore, remember to vote for the candidates of their choice, and for a Convention, and see that all who vote for it, vote for the ticket.

W. T. B.

THE ONLY PREPARATION THAT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF YEARS, And grows more and more popular every day.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

BATH, Me., Dec. 21st, 1858.

PROF. WOOD—Dear Sir: I was please accept a line to inform you that the hair on my head is all out of ever seventy years of age, is completely covered with a new crop, stimulated with an eruption on the head. A constitutional cough of long standing (the result of a cold) me to a state of dependence, I have not been able to obtain a night's rest for years, but by the use of your Vigor I can lie down and sleep soundly all night. I have also used your Hair Restorative, and all the baldness is entirely covered with a fine growth of hair. I am now using